# Comparison of Skewness Normalization Methods on Javanese Script Documents Input

by Himamunanto Agustinus Rudatyo

**Submission date:** 04-Apr-2023 09:56AM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID: 2055240311** 

File name: ARH\_-\_isemantic2019.pdf (908.89K)

Word count: 2216
Character count: 11360

# Comparison of Skewness Normalization Methods on Javanese Script Documents Input

Agutinus Rudatyo Himamunanto Fakultas Sains dan Komputer Universitas Kristen Immanuel Yogyakarta, Indonesia rudatyo@ukrimuniversity.ac.id Emerita Setyowati

akultas Sains dan Komputer
Universitas Kristen Immanuel
Yogyakarta, Indonesia
emeritas@ukrimuniversity.ac.id

Abstract— The scan of a text document that is visually quite perpendicular to its axis is very important. Correction operations on image slope will make the image visually perpendicular. This paper will compare the method of tilt detection both momentbased, center of gravity, and hough transformation on a printed image of a modern Javanese text document. The results of this study will be very useful in the line segmentation of document images which are part of the transliteration of Javanese script text documents. The data used in this study is the result of scanning Javanese literary books entitled "Hamong Tani". On each page of the scan, the slope angle of the coordinate axes is tested using the three selected slope detection methods. The next step is the line segmentation process using the vertical projection method to see the success of each method in making slope corrections. Based on the result of comparation shown that the Hough Transform methode work better more than two methods else.

Keywords— document image; slope detection; moment orientation; center of gravity; Hough transform

# I. INTRODUCTION

The development of the science of document image analysis, namely the analysis of visual representations of paper documents such as journals, facsimile results, office documents, form slapts, etc. (Srihari, et al., 1986), opens a great opportunity to be utilized for the preservation of manuscripts many ancial manuscripts found in Yogyakarta. O'Gorman and Kasturi (O'Gorman and Kasturi, 1997) provide stages of the process of document image analysis that can be modified for Javanese literary text image recognition.

It starts with the digitization phase of the data, followed by the pixel level processing stage which aims to prepare image documents, as well as creating intermediary features to help recogize images, and the final step of character recognition in order to translate a series of characters that have various shapes and sizes.

One of the stages that must be passed in the pixel level processing stage is the segmentation stage, where in the introduction of the text document image that stage means the stage to reduce the text document image into text components,

namely finding columns, paragraphs, words, until finally it is found that the character of segmentation works well, the process for the introduction of the acquired characters will run easily.

Problems arising when in the digitalis process cannot always be guaranteed that documents are always placed or taken in a position perpendicular to the coordinate line. Scanned results if not corrected will produce incorrect results 114 en analyzing and recognizing images, especially text document images (AL-Shatnawi and Omar, 2009).

The results of this study will be very useful in the line segmentation of document images which are part of the transliteration of Javanese script text documents (Himamunanto, 2015).

### II. RELATED WORKS

There have been several studies related to tilt detection, where relatively good results have been obtained. Al-Shatnawi and Omar (2009) conducted a study to detect the slope of documents written in Arabic script, Widiarti (2010) examined how much the slope angle was produced by scanning the Hamong Tani book written using Javanese characters using the moment method, and Kurdianata (Kurdianata, 2011) does the same thing with Widiarti but uses the center of gravity method. The disadvantage of the Widiarti and Kurdianata research is that the direct finding of the angle obtained for the process of line segmentation in the printed text documents of modern Javanese literature can be a measure of the success of the slope detection process.

Widiarti, et al. (2010), by calculating the magnitude of the position of the pixel compiler image, and Niko (Kurdianata, 2011) using the input method, each page of the book "Hamong Farmer". On the other hand there is the Hough transformation method which has been investigated for its use for tilt detection in the scanning images by Rezaei et al. (2013), which raises the reason that research is needed to compare which methods are relatively good in finding large slope angles automatically, in the successful use of corrections to the angles found for the process of segmenting document image lines.

### III. SKEWNESS OF DOCUMENT IMAGE

The slope of the document as an input to further processes can be caused by many factors. As explained above, the effect of sloping document images is the result of further unsatisfactory processes. The document images that experience a visual slope are like Fig. 1.

Fig. 1. Skewness of Javanese image document

If the input data for image document image recognition is shaped like Fig. 1, it is necessary to process the slope image correction of the input document in order to obtain the image of the input document which is located near the perpendicular to the coordinate axes.

## IV. SKEWNEES NORMALIZATION ALGORITHMS

There are at least 3 methods of slope normalization of document images, namely: center of gravity, moment orientation, Hough transformation.

# A. Center of Gravity(Centroid)

Center of Gravity or better known as centroid is a focus of an area (Al-Shatnawi and Omar, 2009). When implementing the slope detection process, the centroid will be searched from the area represented by the object in the image to be searched for the slope angle.

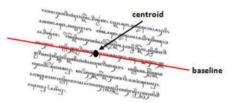


Fig. 2. Centroid and baseline an input image (Kurdianata, 2011)

Centroid can be searched using formulas:

$$Cen(X,Y) = \left(\frac{\sum OrigX_i}{N}, \frac{\sum OrigY_i}{N},\right)$$
(4)

where 10 gXi and OrigYi are the coordinate points of objects, while N is the total number of pixels of the object. From the

centroid obtained the baseline can be obtained, which is a line that intersects with the centroid and is perpendicular to the object in the image.

The formula for finding the baseline can be seen in the formula:

$$\mu_{xx} = \left(\frac{\sum X_t^2}{N}\right), \qquad \mu_{yy} = \left(\frac{\sum Y_t^2}{N}\right), \qquad \mu_{xy} = \left(\frac{\sum (X_t * Y_t)}{N}\right)$$
 (5)

where

$$X_i = OrigX_i - X$$
, dan  $Y_i = OrigY_i - Y$  (6)

Then do a comparison,

$$Sken(\mu_{xx} > \mu_{yy}) = \frac{\mu_{yy} - \mu_{xx} + \sqrt{(\mu_{yy} - \mu_{xx})^2 + 4 * \mu_{xy}^2}}{2 * \mu_{xy}}$$
(7)

$$Skev(\mu_{yy} > \mu_{xx}) = \frac{2 * \mu_{xy}}{\mu_{yy} - \mu_{xx} + \sqrt{(\mu_{yy} - \mu_{xx})^2 + 4 * \mu_{xy}^2}}$$
(8)

After the baseline value is found, the next step is to find the slope angle by looking at the object as an ellipse polygon, where the angle created by the intersection between the baseline and the x axis is the slope angle of the object.

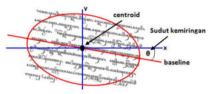


Fig. 3. Slope angle description (Kurdianata, 2011)

The value of object orientation as an ellipse polygon can be searched using formula 9.

$$Orientation = \frac{180}{\pi} \tan^{-1}(skew)$$
 (9)

After the Orientation is obtained, a comparison is made where if (Orientation> 0), then:

$$Angle(\theta) = 90^{\circ} - Orientation \tag{10}$$

But if (Orientation <0), then:

$$Angle(\theta) = -90^{\circ} - Orientation \tag{11}$$

# B. Moment Orientation

If there is a binary image text document, the value of  $\Theta$  as the value of the document slope is determined by formula (1) (Gonzales, and Woods, 2002).

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{2\mu_{1,1}}{\mu_{2,0} - \mu_{0,2}} \right]$$
 (1)

with

$$\mu_{p,q} = \sum_{n} \sum_{n} (m - \overline{m})^{p} (n - \overline{n})^{q}$$
 (2)

is the central moment of the order (p, q), where m, n is the center point of the moment defined as follows:

$$\overline{m} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{m} \sum_{n} m, \qquad \overline{n} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{m} \sum_{n} n,$$
(3)

N states the number of pixels in the image, while m, n states the coordinates of the object from the image. This formula only applies to binary images.

# . Hough Transform

The Hough transformation was invented by Paul Hough in 1962. The initial use of the Hough transformation was first used to detect straight lines in an image.

The basic idea developed by Hough is, if given a point (x, y) in an image (assumed to be a binary image), the equation of the line can be written:

$$y = ax + b \tag{12}$$

The accumulator is the pairs of points (a, b) that fulfill the equation. This accumulator array is then called a transformation array.

## V. PROCES STAGES

There are two main steps that must be done when tilt correction, namely:

- Detect the slope of the dotal aims to find out how big the slope angle of the document image is to the lines of the coordinates of the main axes
- Rotating the input document image as big as the angle found at tilt detection.

# VI. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Tests carried out on image input that has experienced a slope manually. A total of 10 input images with various slopes become the third test input method.

# A. Test Results of Comparation Methods

The following are the 10 test inputs used in the normalization experiment of the tilt image of Javanese script documents..

TABLE I. VARIOUS INPUT OF DCUMENT IMAGE

Visual	Name
men ordinary by men organic in men of great and great great and great great and great g	image_1.jpg

and the state of t	image_2.jpg
where the state of the property of the state of the stat	image_3.jpg
or handles by a company of the compa	image_4.jpg
entransferred for entransferred for the depth of the dept	image_5.jpg
and the state of t	image_6.jpg
and the control of th	image_7.jpg
The second secon	image_8.jpg
statistical and supply of consequents of the statistical and supply of suppl	image_9.jpg



One example of document input that is in a slope is shown as in Fig. 4. Input image is taken from a Javanese script document titled "Hamong Tani".



Fig. 4. A document input that is in slope

Furthermore, the tilt angle is calculated by considering the resulting angle based on horizontal straight lines and oblique lines of the document image. In Fig. 5 is shown how a slope angle is found.



Fig. 5. The results of the slope detection testing process

The slope normalization process is carried out several times to get the angle of normalization results closest to the 0 degree angle.



Fig. 6. The results of the slope normalization testing process

The maximum angle is the best angle produced by each method. The results of this maximum angle are then used to see

the results of the comparison and get information on which method is the best.

## B. Test Results of Comparation Methods

The following are tables of test results based on the 10 input images to the 3 slope normalization methods.

TABLE II. TEST RESULT OF ANGLE SKEWNESS

		angle of skewness		
No	File	Momen	Gravitation	Hough
1	image 1	7,81	10,05	10,69
2	image 2	7,52	7,13	12,9
3	image 3	2,21	0,58	4,09
4	image 4	4,32	5,03	3,87
5	image 5	6,73	8,62	9,09
6	image 6	7,76	7,63	14,54
7	image 7	5,94	3,41	8
8	image 8	7,06	15,58	18,16
9	image 9	5,24	2,86	7,91
10	image 10	6,56	3,96	8,9

TABLE III. TEST RESULT OF CORRECTION

		correction		
No	File	Momen	Gravitation	Hough
1	image 1	1	22	7
2	image 2	2	14	8
3	image 3	1	1	3
4	image 4	2	5	4
5	image 5	1	9	18
6	image 6	2	8	12
7	image 7	4	3	7
8	image 8	2	19	15
9	image 9	2	2	13
10	image 10	2	4	8

TABLE IV. TES RESULT OF MAX ANGLE

		max angle		
No	File	Momen	Gravitation	Hough
1	image 1	0,43	0,58	0,97
2	image 2	0,43	0,58	0
3	image 3	0,86	0.58	0
4	image 4	0,86	0,58	0
5	image 5	0,87	0,58	0
6	image 6	0,86	0,58	0
7	image 7	0,88	0	0

8	image 8	0,85	0,58	0
9	image 9	0,88	0,58	0
10	image 10	0,88	0	0

## C. Discussion of Results

Based on table 4, it is known that the normalization results with degrees approaching 0 appear 9 times in the Hough Transform column.

This shows that the Hough Transform method is sufficiently recommended as a slope normalization method in preprocessing with document image input.

### VII. CONCLUSION

Based on the test results it is known that the Hough Transform method shows better success compared to the Moment method and the Gravitation method.

The input image has been successfully recovered with a near-perfect tilt. Considering the test results, the Hough Transform method can be suggested to be used as a preprocessing operation in the process of recognizing the pattern of letters in a document.

REFFRENCES

- Srihari SN, Zack GM, "Document image analysis", Proceedings of the Eighth International Conference on Pattern Recognition, Paris, 1986, pp 434–436
- O'Gorman L., Kasturi R., "Document Image Analysis", ISBN 0-8186-7802-X. Library of Congress Number 97-17283. 1997
- [3] AS. Hassanein, S. Mohammad, M. Sameer, ME Ragab," A Survey on glugh Transform, Theory, Techniques and Applications", IJCSI International Journal of Computer Science Issues, Volume 12, Issue 1, No 2, January 2015 ISSN (Print): 1694-0814 | ISSN (Online): 1694-0784
- [4] Kurdianata, N. 2011. Deteksi Kemiringan Pada Citra Dokumen Teks Sastra Jawa Menggunakan Pendekatan Titik Pusat Gravitasi, Yogyakarta: Universitas Sanata Dharma. unpublished
- [5] Widiarti, AR., dkk. 2010, "Pengenalan Citra Dokumen Teks Sastra Jawa Modern", DIKTI 2010, unpublished
- [6] AR. Himamunanto, AR. Widiarti, "The Automatic Transliteration Model of Image of the Book Hammong Tani Using Statistical Approach". International Journal of Computer and Information Engineering. (http://dai.waset.org/1307-6892/33234), 2015
- [7] Al-Shatnawi, A. M., Omar, K., Skew detection and correction technique for Arabic document images based on centre of gravity. Journal of Computer Science, 5(5), 363-368, 2009, https://doi.org/10.3844/jcssp.2009.363.368,
- [8] Rezaei SB., Sarrafzadeh A., Shanbehzadeh J., "Skew Detection of Scanned Document Images", Proceedings of the International MultiConference of Engineers and Computer Scientists 2013 Vol I, IMECS 2013, March 13 - 15, 2013, Hong Kong
- [9] AR. Widiarti, AR. Himamunanto, "Teori Dan Aplikasi Pengolahan Citra Digital Transliterasi Otomatis Citra Dokumen Teks Aksara Jawa", Lintang Pustaka Utama, ISBN 978-602-1546-07-9, 2012 (http://catalogue.leidenuniv.nl/primo\_library/libweb/action/dlDisplay.do ?vid=UBL V1&search scope=All Content&docld=UBL ALMA21240 893080002711&fn=permalink)

# Comparison of Skewness Normalization Methods on Javanese Script Documents Input

**ORIGINALITY REPORT** 

SIMILARITY INDEX

**INTERNET SOURCES** 

**PUBLICATIONS** 

STUDENT PAPERS

**PRIMARY SOURCES** 

www.semanticscholar.org

Internet Source

Submitted to Universitas Sanata Dharma Student Paper

Agustinus Rudatyo Himamunanto, Anastasia Rita Widiarti. "Javanese character image segmentation of document image of Hamong Tani", 2013 Digital Heritage International Congress (DigitalHeritage), 2013 **Publication** 

7%

I Gusti Ngurah Made Kris Raya, Agung Nugroho Jati, Randy Erfa Saputra. "Analysis realization of Viola-Jones method for face detection on CCTV camera based on embedded system", 2017 International Conference on Robotics, Biomimetics, and **Intelligent Computational Systems** (Robionetics), 2017

Publication

journals.dbuniversity.ac.in

F Rovira-Más. "Hough-transform-based vision algorithm for crop row detection of an automated agricultural vehicle", Proceedings of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers Part D Journal of Automobile Engineering, 01/01/2005

1 %

Publication

"Potential Application of Hough Transform to Extract Hot Spot Delineated Boundaries using Landsat-8 Satellite Images", International Journal of Innovative Technology and Exploring Engineering, 2020

<1%

Publication

D Pianka, E Setyowati. "Monitoring Results of a 10kwp On-Grid Photovoltaic System in the Context of the Current Regulation for Solar Rooftops in Indonesia", IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science, 2020

<1%

9 www.ijcsi.org

<1%

"Image Processing and Capsule Networks", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2021

<1%

Publication

Chen, S.S.. "A fuzzy model for unsupervised 11 character classification", Information Sciences - Applications, 199411 Publication www.coursehero.com 12 Internet Source www.igi-global.com Internet Source www.intechopen.com Internet Source Stefano Ferilli. "Automatic Digital Document Processing and Management", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2011 Publication Exclude matches Exclude quotes Off On

Exclude bibliography